



Case Record Form

by Research Nurse

- Translated from Dutch to English -

Completed by:	
Details participant:	
o Patient ID	
o Date of birth:	
o Sex:	Male Female
Time of blood sample collection:	
o Date:	
o Time:	h m
Start sample preparation:	h m
Sample storage:	h m
	r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Label Biobank:	i į
	i !
	<u></u>

History taking

Cardiovascular risk factors

•	Height: Weight: Smoking: If current/ever; Alcohol use		ig. p/d:	noker (d	quitted >	>6mnth	ago)
	mily history	4 CE vis with move an adia	.l :.efo	: a.a. /: a.a.k			eripheral artery disease?
		vos yr wien myocaraio	a marec	611, 1361	ienne se	, σκέ, ρ	empheral artery discuse.
M	edication						
Cu	rrent medication, i.e	e. <i>before</i> the event sus	spected	of a TIA	:		
Na	me:		Dose	:			NONE
				x			mg / μg / gr / ml
				x			mg / μg / gr / ml
				x		_	mg / μg / gr / ml
				x		-	mg / μg / gr / ml
				x		_	mg / μg / gr / ml
			\vdash	x			mg / μg / gr / ml
				x		_	mg / μg / gr / ml
				×		_	mg / μg / gr / ml
			\vdash	x			mg / μg / gr / ml
			\vdash	x			mg / μg / gr / ml
				x		+	mg / μg / gr / ml
				x		+	mg / μg / gr / ml
				х			mg / μg / gr / ml

Patient's narrative of signs and symptoms

'Can you describe in your own words the symptoms for which you consulted the $\mathsf{GP?'}$



--- The response to (only) this question will be recorded ---

Со	urse of symptoms		
•	The start of symptoms was:	sudden gradually	
•	Total duration of symptoms:	h min	
•	Did the participant feel the symptoms coming or did they He/she felt symptoms coming Symptoms came unexpectedly	come unexpectedly?	
•	Were there any signs or symptoms preceding the (possible) neurological deficits? No Yes,namely:		
•	Were symptoms immediately there in full intensity or did Onset of symptoms in full intensity Symptoms got worse over time	they get worse over time?	
•	Does the participant fully remember the signs and sympto YES NO	oms?	
•	Had the participant experienced the symptoms (suspected YES NO	d of a TIA) before?	
	If yes, when?		
	How many times?		

Were the following signs and symptoms present?

Total or partial loss of strength (motor deficit) in	Yes No
arm/hand, leg/foot or face	
If yes: Unilateral	l H
Bilateral	<u> </u>
Numbness/tingling sensation (sensory deficit) in	Yes No
arm/hand, leg/foot, or face	
If yes: Unilateral	l H
Bilateral	
Vision problem/impaired vision	Yes No
If yes; this concerned:	
• Diplopia	l H
Blurred vision (both eyes)	l H
Loss of vision/blindness in one part of visual field (both eyes)	l H
Loss of vision/blindness in one eye (amaurosis fugax); as a shade coming down	
over the eye	
Seeing flashes, sparkles, stars or other visual phenomena	Yes No
Communication problem	☐ Yes ☐ No
If yes; this concerned:	
 Incoherent language, trouble finding words, strange sentences or words, 	
trouble understanding language (dysphasia)	
Problems with articulation and pronouncing words (dysarthria)	<u> </u>
Spinning sensation/true vertigo	Yes No
Lightheadedness	Yes No
Feeling like one might black-out/faint (presyncope)	Yes No
Loss of consciousness	Yes No
Loss of short-term memory, without loss of consciousness	Yes No
Being adrift, unsteady gait, disturbed coordination (ataxia)	Yes No
Swallowing problem/choking	Yes No
Needs to be distinguished from:	
Globus sensation	Yes No
Muscle contractions or spasms	Yes No
Sudden fall to the ground (drop attack)	Yes No
Headache	Yes No
Nausea and/or vomiting	Yes No
Pain or tightness on the chest	Yes No
Shortness of breath	Yes No
Palpitations, irregular heartbeat	Yes No
Other relevant symptoms?	Yes No

Questions regarding time delay

Determining time delay

0	Onset of symptoms:	date	
		time	h
0	Participant first reported symptoms to Relative/friend Relative/friend with medical knowl General Practitioner (GP) GP out of hours service Emergency Department (ED)		
	This was at:	date	
		time	h
0	The first contact with a medical service GP GP out of hours service ED	e was w	ith:
	This was at:	date	
		time	h
0	The moment the participant made an	appoint	ment with the GP (making the appointment)
	was:	date	
		time	h

Factors that might influence delay

0	Living situation?
	Alone
	With partner/relatives
	In a nursing home
0	Highest level of education (the original version includes Dutch levels of education):
	Primary education
	Lower secondary education
	Upper secondary education
	Post-secondary non-tertiary education
	Tertiary education
	Other, namely:
0	At the time of symptom onset, was the participant alone or in company of others?
	Alone
	In company of:
_	Did the next is insert have an idea what soused the sumstance?
0	Did the participant have an idea what caused the symptoms?
	□ No □ Ves namely:
	Yes, namely:
0	How severe did the participant consider these symptoms were?
0	
	On a scale of 0-10:
0	Did the participant consider these symptoms to be an emergency?
	□ No
	Yes
0	What was the participants' first response to symptoms?
	Nothing specific because symptoms quickly resolved
	Wait and see
	Asked a relative or friend for advice
	Self-treatment
	Seeking medical attention
	Other, namely:
	If a valetice on friend was saled for advise what was the advise?
0	If a relative or friend was asked for advice, what was the advice?

0	Did the participant contact a medical service within 1 hour from symptom onset? Yes No
	If NO, why? Not applicable Symptoms resolved Thought that the symptoms would resolve Did not consider it severe enough Others said it could wait Unable because of the symptoms Transportation issues Because it happened outside office hours Other, namely:
0	Was the participant familiar with TIA (before this episode)? Yes No If YES, what are signs and symptoms of a TIA? Doesn't know any The following:
	If YES; a TIA can be a precursor of a certain disease. What disease? Doesn't know Precursor of:
0	Did you think a TIA requires urgent medical treatment (within a day)? Yes No Doesn't know